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"INNOMATH - Innovative enriching education processes for Mathematically Gifted Students in Europe" Project Number: 2019-1-DE03-KA201- 059604

Title of Content: Module 2 – Inquiry Based Learning

1)

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Topic Derivation of volume growth with respect to enlargement

Target group
Students at grade 7

Topic Ratio and continued fractions

Target group
Students at grade 9





Content requirement Basic measurement, the concepts of length, area, volume, capacity Steps and contents STEP 0: Introduction STEP 1: Simple volumes growth STEP 2: Modelling of any volume growth STEP 3: Finding a formula for the tetrahedron





Cuboid

Volume

Inquiry Based Learning

STEP 0: Introduction







STEP 1: Simple volume growth

- Objective: Students discover that the volume increases by a factor 8 when the size of a volume is doubled. Then they infer that the enlargement by a factor λ of a simple volume (cuboid, cone, pyramid, cylinder) leads to its growth by a factor λ×λ×λ=λ³.
- Materials: worksheet page 1
 - strong paper (cardboard), scissors and tape, 3 liters of sand, buckets.
- Processing time: approx. 75 min





STEP 2: Volume growth of any shape

- Objective: Students try out their hypothesis on other shapes, especially the sphere.
- Materials: worksheet page 2
 - Digital camera (smartphone) or projection screen
 - Inflatable balloons, water, buckets.
- Processing time: approx. 30 min





STEP 3: The volume of the tetrahedron

- Objective: Students construct an origami model of tetrahedra and octahedra. Solve a little 3D puzzle for doubling the tetrahedron with these pieces. Infer that a certain cube, of size $\sqrt{2}$ a contains 24 tetrahedra of size a, infer the volume of a tetrahedron: ($\sqrt{2}$ a)³/24.
- Materials: worksheet page 3
 - geogebra book
 - paper
- Processing time: approx. 75 min





REFLECTION

Summary for modelling the growth of a volume

TASK: Describe in your own words what you have learned from this learning module.

CONTRIBUTION:

- written form as text
- auditorily as a voice message
- visually as a graphic
- audio-visually as a video







Content requirement Ratio and continued fractions Steps and contents STEP 0: Introduction STEP 1: The A4 paper STEP 2: Continued fraction of square roots STEP 3: Finding a formula for the volume of the tetrahedron





STEP 0: Introduction



Format

Ratio





STEP 1: The A4 paper

- Objective: Students discover what is the ratio of the A4 paper: Two A4 papers side by side make an A3 paper of the same format. The scaling factor *and* the ratio is √2.
- Materials: worksheet page 1
 - A4 paper.
- Processing time: approx. 30 min





STEP 2: Square roots of integers and continued fractions

- Objective: Students fold paper to understand the continued fractions algorithm and what it means for square roots of integers.
- Materials: worksheet page 2
 - A4 paper
 - Geogebra applet 1 and geogebra applet 2
- Processing time: approx. 75 min





STEP 3: The volume of the tetrahedron

- Objective: Students construct an origami model of tetrahedra and octahedra with the help of the √3 paper format. Solve a little 3D puzzle for doubling the tetrahedron with these pieces. Infer that a certain cube, of size √2 a contains 24 tetrahedra of size a, infer the volume of a tetrahedron: (√2 a)³/24.
- Materials: worksheet page 3
 - geogebra applet
 - paper
- Processing time: approx. 75 min





REFLECTION

Summary for modelling the growth of a volume

TASK: Describe in your own words what you have learned from this learning module.

CONTRIBUTION:

- written form as text
- auditorily as a voice message
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